

STATE OF GEORGIA
COUNTY OF FULTON

ORDINANCE NO. 2006-01-05

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING CHAPTER 4, COURTS, ARTICLE 2, SECTION 4, SENTENCES, AND SUPPLEMENTING CHAPTER 4, COURTS, WITH A NEW ARTICLE 4, COURT PROCEDURES, OF THE CODE OF ORDINANCES OF THE CITY OF SANDY SPRINGS, GA

WHEREAS, at its first meeting of the year, the City Council of the City of Sandy Springs, GA, in order to provide for the health, safety, and welfare of its citizens, has considered the subject matter hereof,

BE IT ORDAINED by the City Council of the City of Sandy Springs, GA while in regular session on January 3, 2006, as follows:

SECTION 1. That the Ordinance relating to Amending Chapter 4, Courts, Article 2, Trials and Judgments, Section 4, Sentences, and to Supplementing Chapter 4, Courts, adding a new Section 4 is hereby adopted and approved; and is attached hereto as if fully set forth herein; and,

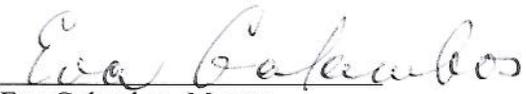
SECTION 2. All Ordinances, parts of ordinances, or regulations in conflict herewith are repealed; and,

SECTION 3. This Ordinance is effective January 3, 2006; and,

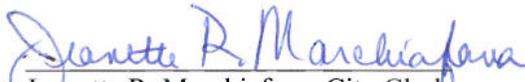
SECTION 4. That this Ordinance shall become effective upon its adoption.

ORDAINED this the 3rd day of January, 2006.

Approved:


Eva Galambos, Mayor

Attest:


Jeanette R. Marchiafava, City Clerk

(Seal)



Section 4: Sentences

In addition to any applicable fines, and upon a judgment or plea of guilty or pre-trial diversion, the Municipal Court Judge may impose sentence of confinement, compulsory work, or both; commit the defendant to confinement, compulsory work or both; suspend the execution of the sentence in whole or in part; place the defendant on probation; or defer the execution of the sentence or any portion or portions thereof to one or more fixed dates in the future. The court may punish for violations within its jurisdiction not exceeding a fine of \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for six months, or both; except as otherwise provided by this Code of Ordinances or State Law.

Article 4: Court Procedures

Section 1: Issuance of summons

Any member of the department of police, the solicitor of the municipal court and the assistant solicitor, in all cases where a complaint is made or information is obtained of any violation of any of this Code or other laws or ordinances of the city, shall issue a summons, directed to the accused, requiring the accused to appear before the municipal court to answer this charge. The summons shall designate the time and place of trial and shall be signed by the member of the department of police, solicitor or assistant solicitor issuing it and a copy thereof shall be served upon the accused either personally or by leaving the copy at the accused's place of residence.

Section 2: Failing to appear to answer summons

It shall be unlawful for any defendant lawfully summoned to answer charges in the municipal court to either fail, neglect or refuse to appear at the time and place specified in the summons or fail to provide a satisfactory explanation for this absence. The trial may be continued to such time as the municipal court may direct, and the court shall issue an order requiring the police chief, or other members of the department of police to arrest the defendant and bring the defendant before the court to answer both the initial charges and the charge for failing to appear at trial. The chief of corrections shall keep the defendant in custody until the defendant is brought before the court, unless the defendant posts bond for appearance, as provided by law.

Section 3: Issuance of subpoenas

Whenever the attendance of any witness may be required before the municipal court to establish any fact, the clerk of the municipal court shall issue a subpoena directed to the witness, stating the time and place of trial and the parties to the case, which shall be served as other process by the police chief or other police officers.

Section 4: Witness failing or refusing to obey subpoena.

If any person lawfully summoned as a witness before the municipal court shall either fail, neglect or refuse to attend the trial for which the person has been summoned or fail to provide a satisfactory explanation for this absence, the person may be cited for contempt and be fined in a sum not to exceed \$200.00. If the cause is continued because of the absence of this person, the court may issue attachment against the person requiring the person to show cause on the day appointed for trial why the person should not be cited for contempt. The police chief or other police officer shall, by virtue of the attachment, arrest the person and keep the person in custody until the person is brought before the court, unless the person posts bond for appearance, as provided by law.

State law references: Municipal court judges to have powers of magistrates, O.C.G.A. § 36-32-3; contempt powers of magistrates, O.C.G.A. § 15-10-2(7).

Section 5: Contempt

Any person who, during a sitting of the municipal court, shall be guilty of a contempt of court or who refuses to abide by an order of the court or sentence may be punished as provided in state law for contempt against the superior courts of this state.

State law references: Municipal court judges to have powers of magistrates, O.C.G.A. § 36-32-3; contempt powers of magistrates, O.C.G.A. § 15-10-2(7).

Chapter 4: Municipal Court

- **Article 1: General Provisions**

- *Section 1: Creation of the Court*

- In accordance with the Section 4.01 of the Charter, the City hereby creates the Municipal Court of the City of Sandy Springs. The powers and jurisdiction of said Court are described in that section and Section 4.04 of the Charter.

- *Section 2: Judge and Judge Pro-Tem*

- (a) In accordance with Section 4.02 of the Charter, the Council shall appoint the Municipal Court Judge with compensation to be fixed by the Council.
- (b) In accordance with Section 4.02 of the Charter, the Council shall also appoint a Judge Pro Tem to serve as requested by the Municipal Court Judge.
- (c) The Municipal Court Judge and the Judge Pro Tem shall serve a term of 4 years and may be reappointed to consecutive terms thereafter.
- (d) The Municipal Court Judge and Judge Pro Tem may only be removed in accordance with the provisions of Section 4.02(d) of the Charter.

- *Section 3: Additional Personnel*

- (a) Clerk of the Court. The City Manager shall have the authority to hire/fire a Municipal Court Clerk.
- (b) Police. Officers of the City of Sandy Springs Police Department or the Fulton County Police Department or Fulton County Sheriff's Department or any other law enforcement officer may execute warrants and other writs in furtherance of the Court's jurisdiction and orders.
- (c) Bailiff. At least one Police Department Officer or Officer from the Fulton County Sheriff's Department will serve as a Bailiff whenever the Municipal Court is in session.
- (d) Solicitor. In accordance with Section 3.08 of the Charter, the City Attorney may be the prosecuting officer or solicitor in the Municipal Court. The Council may also, from time to time, appoint and contract with other attorneys who are members of the State Bar of Georgia to serve as a prosecuting attorney in Municipal Court. The compensation of said attorney or attorneys shall be determined by the Council.

- *Section 4: Additional support*

- (a) Indigent Defense. The City of Sandy Springs shall provide indigent defendants with counsel as provided by state law.

(b) Translator. The City of Sandy Springs may provide translation services as required by state law.

- *Section 5: Court Sessions*

- The Court shall be in session at least 1 day per month and other times as determined necessary by the Municipal Court Judge to keep the Court dockets current.

- *Section 6: Court Fees*

- (a) The Municipal Court Judge may recommend a schedule of fees to assist the Court in its operation and budget. The Council must approve any such schedule, but if the Council does not act within 30 days of the Court's recommendation, the fee schedule will become effective.

- (b) The Council may set City fines for violations of City ordinances.

Article 2: Trials and Judgments

- *Section 1: Rules*

- The Municipal Court Judge shall adopt specific rules of procedure. No rules shall be inconsistent with the laws of Georgia or the Constitution of the United States. Such rules shall be made available on the City website or by other means determined by the Council.

- *Section 2: Contempt of Court*

- The Court may find persons in contempt of court and punish said persons in accordance with Section 4.04 of the Charter.

- *Section 3: Fines*

(a) For fines that may be due by any defendant, execution may be issued by the Court Clerk and collected as provided by law. The Municipal Court shall have the discretion to enter fines consistent with this Code of Ordinances, Georgia and federal law.

(b) Persons charged with traffic violations or other offenses as specified by the judge may, prior to the time for their court appearance, plead guilty in writing and pay to the City as their fine the amount set as the appearance bond for the offense charged. Those persons charged with driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs and other serious offenses, as determined by the Municipal Court Judge, shall be required in all cases to appear before the court for disposition of the case.

- *Section 4: Sentences*

In addition to any applicable fines, and upon a judgment or plea of guilty or pre-trial diversion, the Municipal Court Judge may impose sentence of confinement, compulsory work, or both; commit the defendant to confinement, compulsory work or both; suspend the execution of the sentence in whole or in part; place the defendant on probation; or defer the execution of the sentence or any portion or portions thereof to one or more fixed dates in the future. The court may punish for violations within its jurisdiction not exceeding a fine of \$1,000.00 or imprisonment for six months, or both; except as otherwise provided by this Code of Ordinances or State Law. (*Amended by Ordinance No. 2006-01-05, January 3, 2006*)

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- *Section 5: Appeals*

- Unless specified elsewhere in the Code or Charter, all appeals from decisions of the Municipal Court shall be appealable, by right of certiorari, to the Superior Court of Fulton County under the laws of Georgia regulating the granting and issuance of writs of certiorari.

Article 3: Bail

- *Section 1: General Provisions*

- Bail and bond considerations must be consistent with Section 4.04(c) of the Charter.

- *Section 2: Minor Traffic Offenses*

(a) Pursuant to O.C.G.A. § 17-6-11 any person cited for a traffic offense shall be released in lieu of bail upon showing his or her drivers license. This provision does not apply to any charges of driving under the influence or other serious offenses designated by the municipal judge.

(b) All persons arrested or notified by citation or ticket of parking violations shall be released on their own recognizance.

- *Section 3: Professional Bondsmen*

- No professional bondsman shall be accepted as surety on a bail bond unless he holds a current business license in the City, is approved by the Chief of Police, and has fully complied with all other City requirements for bonding companies.

Section 4: Failure or Refusal to Give Bond

- If the accused or a witness shall fail or refuse to give the bond and security as required under this Article, the person so failing or refusing may be confined or kept under guard, so as to be present to abide the trial or to testify as the case may be.

Article 4: Court Procedures

(Amended by Ordinance No. 2006-01-05, January 3, 2006)

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